WEAR RESISTANT EPOXY PUTTY (WR-2)

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Stock No. Package Size 500g

Description

Smooth, non-rusting ceramic-filled epoxy putty used to repair and rebuild interfacing metallic, low-friction surfaces such as machine ways and flanges.

Recommended Applications

- · Repairs in tight spots where a fine flowing putty is required
- Bonds to steel, iron, aluminum, brass, bronze, concrete and some plastics
- Prevents wear on metal surfaces that are exposed to abrasion and erosion such as valves and pumps
- Ideal for repairing tracing guides
- Protecting flanges and elbows
- · Lining pumps and wear faces

PRODUCT DATA

Typical Physical Properties

Dark Grey Colour Mix Ratio by Volume 4:1 Mix Ratio by Weight 9:1 % Solids by Volume 100 Pot life at 25°C/ mins 60 Specific Volume CC/Kg 570 Cured Shrinkage cm/cm 0.0005 Specific Gravity 1.75 Temperature resistance / °C Dry 121°C

Coverage 1140cm²/Kg @ 5mm

Cured Hardness / Shore D 85 D
Dielectric Strength KV/mm 15.7
Adhesive Tensile Shear / MPa 18
Compressive Strength MPa 68
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion x10⁻⁶ 57.6

cm/cm/°C

Thickness per Coat / mm As Required

Functional Cure Time /Hours 16
Recoat Time /Hours 4
Mixed Viscosity /cps (where applicable) Putty

Chemical Resistance 7 days room temperature cure (30 days) - Testing carried out 30 days immersion at 21°C

Ammonia Very Good Methylene Chloride Poor Cutting Oil Very Good Sodium Hypochlorite 5% (Bleach) Very Good Isopropyl Alcohol Poor Sodium Hydroxide 10% Very good Gasoline (Unleaded) Very Good Sulphuric Acid 10% Fair Hydrochloric Acid 10% Fair **Xylene** Fair Poor Methyl ethyl Ketone (MEK)

Excellent = +/- 1% weight change Very Good = +/- 1-10% weight change Fair = +/- 10-20% weight change Poor = > 20% weight change



Wear Resistant Epoxy Putty

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Cure

A 12.7mm thick section of Devcon Epoxy will harden at 21° C in 4 hours. The material will be fully cured in 16 hours. The actual cure time of epoxy is determined by the mass used and the temperature at the time of repair.

Surface Preparation Proper surface preparation is essential to a successful application. The following procedures should be considered:

- All surfaces must be dry, clean and rough.
- If surface is oily or greasy use MEK, Acetone, IPA or similar to degrease the surface.
- Remove all paint, rust and grime from the surface by abrasive blasting or other mechanical techniques.
- Aluminium repairs: Oxidation of Aluminium surfaces will reduce the adhesion of an epoxy to a surface. This film must be removed before repairing the surface, by mechanical means such as abrasive-blasting or chemical means.
- Provide a surface profile on the metal surface by roughening the surface. This should be
 done ideally by grit blasting (8-40 mesh grit), or by grinding with a coarse wheel or abrasive
 disc pad. An abrasive disc may be used provided white metal is revealed. Epoxy material
 must be 'locked inqby defined edges and a good 75 125 micron profile.
- Metal that has been handling sea water or other salt solutions should be grit blasted and high pressure water blasted and left overnight to allow any salts in the metal to 'sweat' to the surface. Repeat blasting may be required to 'sweat outqall the soluble salts. A test for chloride contamination should be performed prior to any epoxy application. The maximum soluble salts left on the substrate should be no more than 40 p.p.m. (parts per million).
- Chemical cleaning with MEK, Acetone, IPA or similar should follow all abrasive preparation.
 This will help to remove all traces of sandblasting, grit, oil, grease, dust or other foreign
 substances.
- Under cold working conditions, heating the repair area to 30°C 40° C immediately before
 applying any of Devcon Epoxies is recommended. This procedure dries off any moisture,
 contamination or solvents and assists the epoxy in achieving maximum adhesion to the
 substrate.
- Always try to make the repair as soon as possible after cleaning the substrate, to avoid oxidation or flash rusting. If this is not practical, a general application of FL-10 Primer will keep metal surfaces from flash rusting.

Mixing

Wear Resistant Epoxy Putty is formulated to be a dense mix that can be applied easily to overhead and vertical surfaces without running or sagging. Add the hardener to the resin and mix thoroughly on a mixing board using a spatula. Do not mix in the containers.

Application

Spread epoxy over prepared surface with a putty knife or similar tool. Press material firmly into all cracks and voids to ensure maximum surface contact and avoid trapping air.

Shelf life & Storage

A shelf life of 3 years from date of manufacture can be expected when stored at room temperature (22°C) in their original containers

Precaution

For complete safety and handling information, please refer to Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) prior to using this product.

Warranty

ITW Devcon will replace any material found to be defective. As storage, handling and application of this material is beyond our control we can accept no liability for the results obtained.

Disclaimer

All information on this data sheet is based on laboratory testing and is not intended for design purposes. ITW Devcon makes no representations or warranties of any kind concerning this data.

For product information visit www.bigagroup.com / www.devconeurope.com alternatively for technical assistance please call +385 52 880 882 or send an e-mail to biga@biga.hr.

